

# J Street Drain Project Mosquito Technical Study

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*In collaboration with*

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# Purpose of Mosquito Study

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- Fully address mosquito-related potential public health impacts resulting from the JSD project
- Respond to SSIII residents' Draft EIR comments

# Scope of Study

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- Study Purpose
- Background
- Environmental Setting
- Introduction to Mosquitoes
- Vector Control Program Data
- Evaluation of Channel Designs
- Evaluation of Additional Sources
- Overall Evaluation and Conclusions
- Presentation Q&A



# Features of the JSD Terminus

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## ■ Ormond Beach Lagoon

- No surface outlet to the ocean due to sand berm
- Water level in lagoon causes water to back up into JSD
- Currently backs up as far as ~Hueneme Rd
- Endangered Species Act prohibits manual breaching due to presence of threatened and endangered species
- Berm periodically breaches naturally during winter storms

# Features of the JSD Terminus

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## ■ Hueneme Drain Pump Station

- Hueneme Drain fed by natural Bubbling Springs
- Hueneme Drain Pump Station built in 1960's
- Reconstructed in 2005-2007
- Hydrology identical before and after reconstruction – same daily flows, forebay size, and standing water

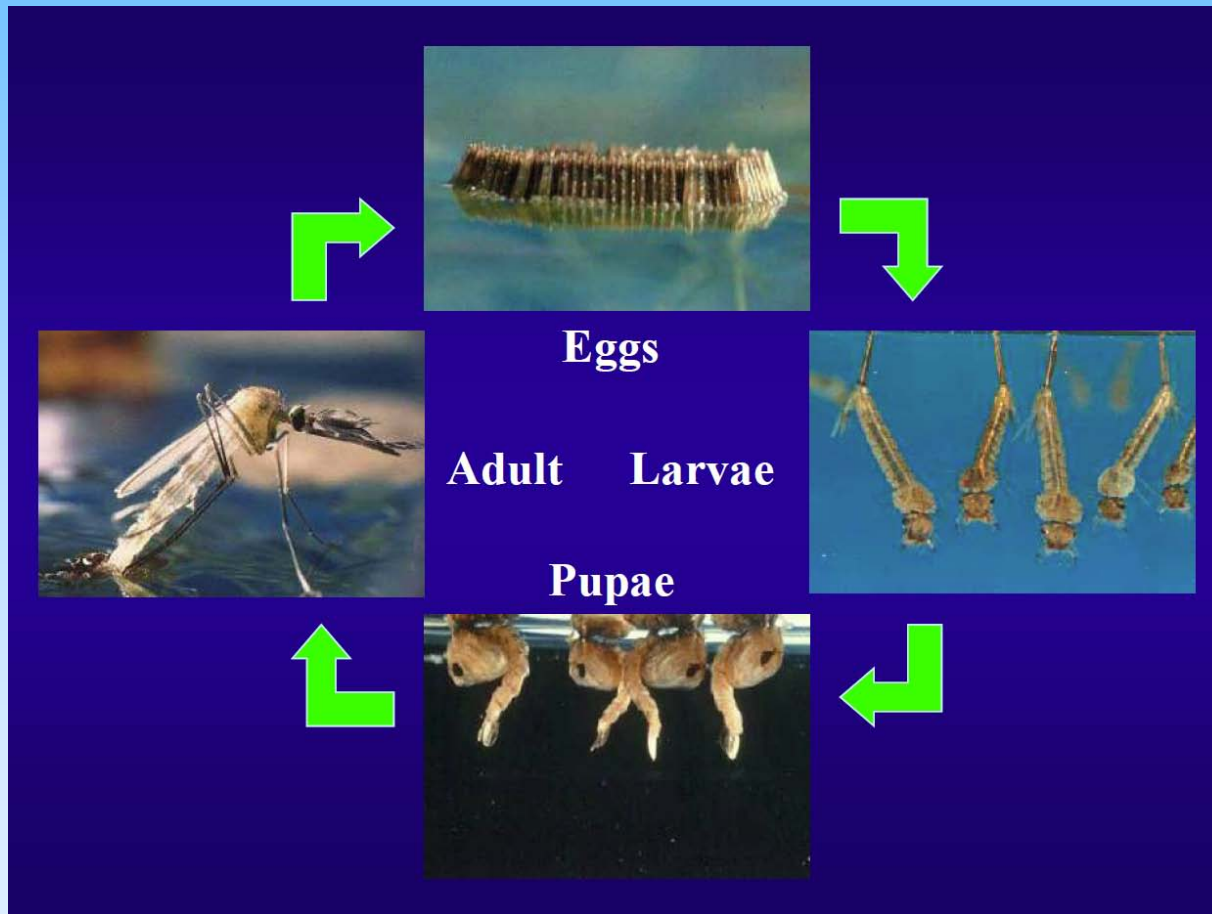
# Mosquitoes as a Vector for Disease

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- Mosquitoes are vectors for diseases
- Diseases transmitted through bite of infected female mosquito.
- Relatively few infected mosquitoes in the environment.
- In CA, local agencies control mosquito populations to reduce potential for disease and nuisance
- Eradication of all mosquitoes is not possible



# Mosquito Life Cycle



- Eggs laid on water
- Larvae and pupae live in water but breathe air through a siphon (no gills)
- Adults emerge from pupae
- Only adult female mosquitoes bite and feed on blood
- In coastal SoCal, production decreases substantially in the cooler winter months



# Mosquito Breeding Habitat

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- Not all sources of water are conducive to mosquito breeding

## **Suitable Habitat**

- Calm water
- Stagnant water
- Waters with refuge, e.g. emergent or floating vegetation
- Example: wetlands, stagnant swimming pools

## **Unsuitable Habitat**

- Flowing water
- Deep waters with fish
- Waters with surface disturbance from wind and waves
- Example: flowing channels, open lakes

# Mosquito Species

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- Main biting mosquito species found near JSD
  - *Culex tarsalis* – Opportunistic in many unpolluted waters, disperse a couple of miles
  - *Culex quinquefasciatus* – Opportunistic with affinity for underground and polluted habitats
  - *Culex erythrothorax* – Requires densely vegetated wetlands

# Midges

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- Strong resemblance to mosquitoes
- Cannot bite and not vectors for disease
- Reproduce in aquatic habitats
- Larvae do not require atmospheric oxygen – can breed where mosquitoes cannot
- Often hatch in blooms, are attracted to lights, and rest on structures, becoming nuisances

Mosquito →



← Midge

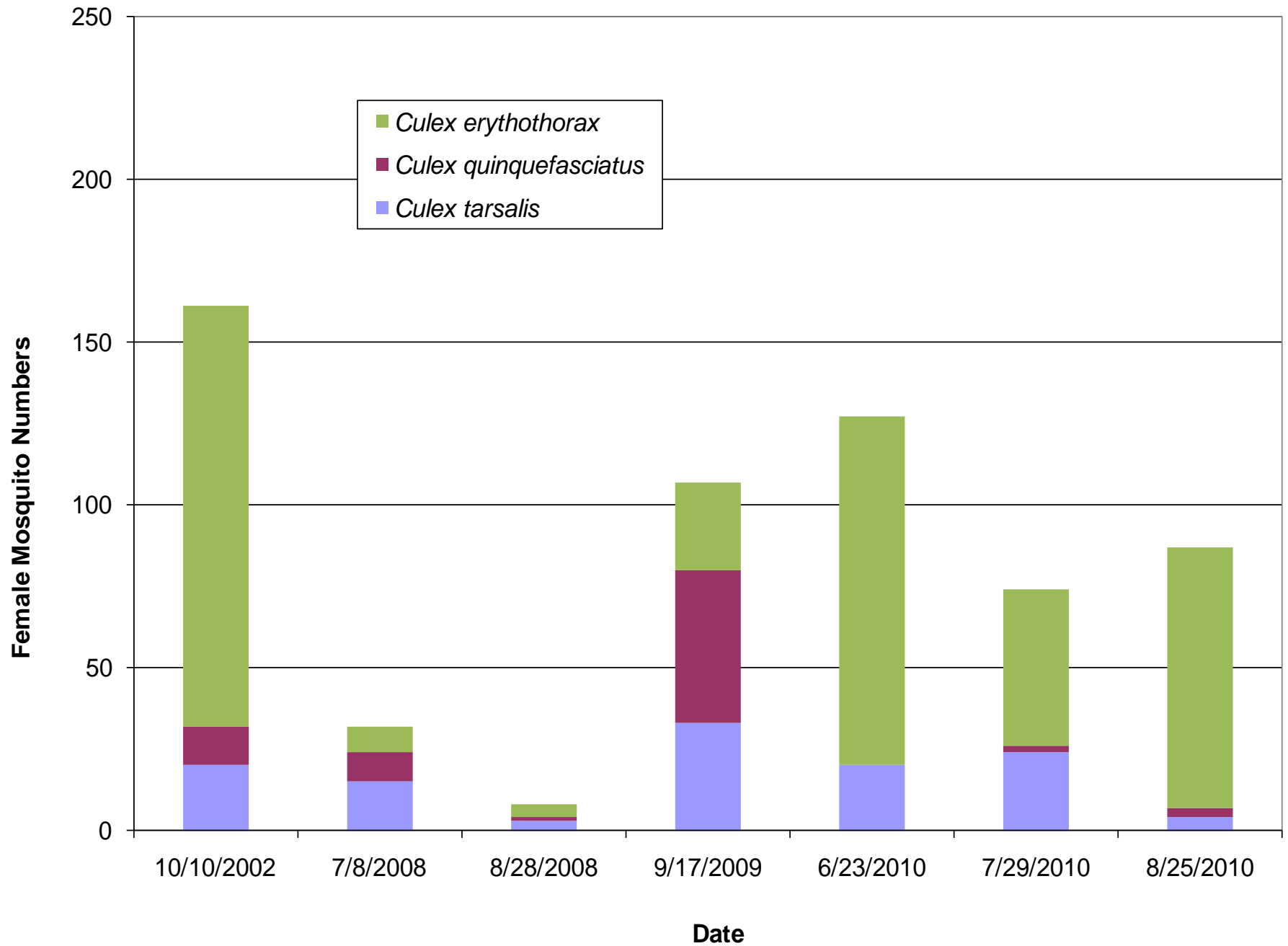
# Adult Mosquito Surveillance

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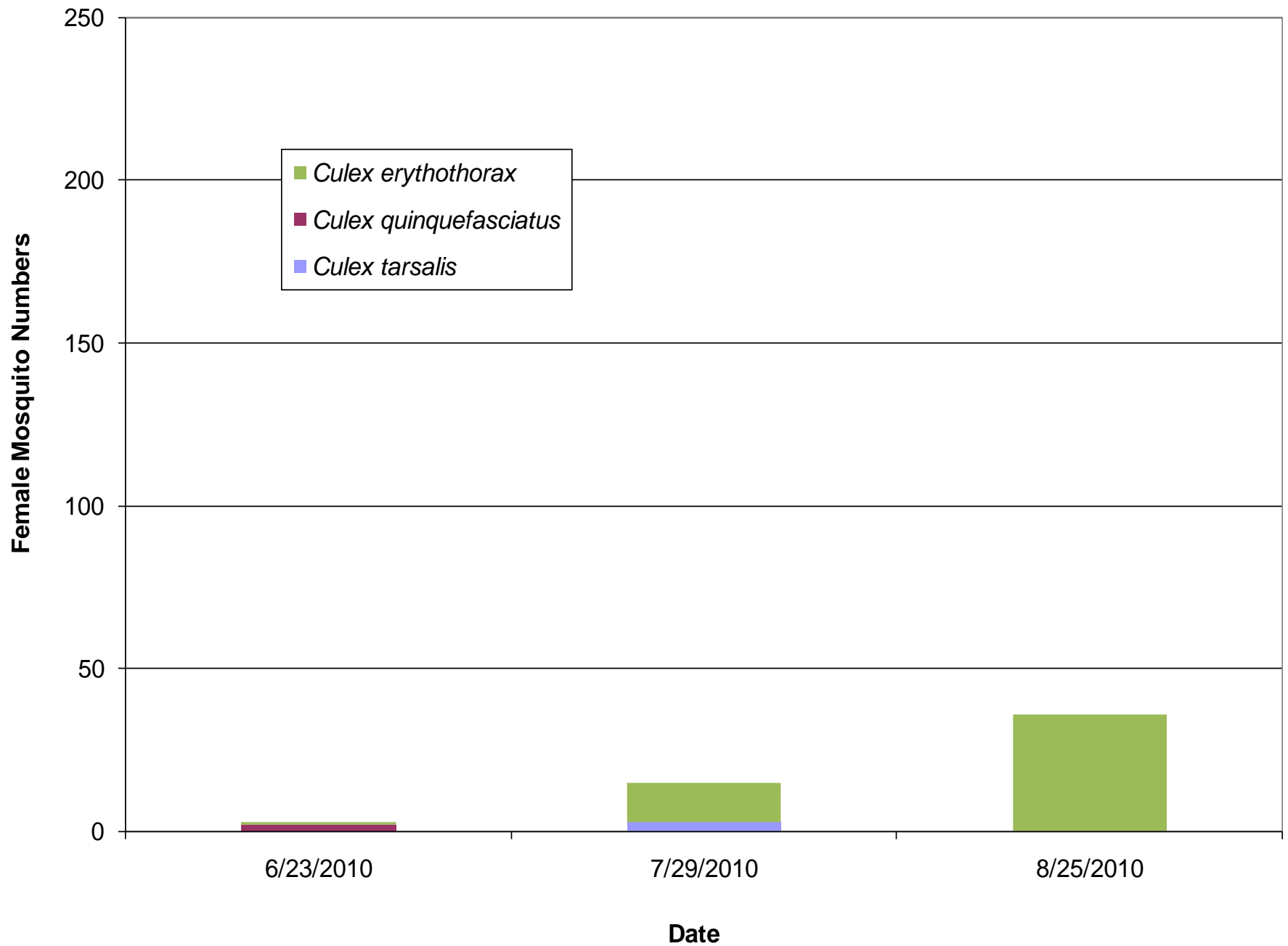
- VCVCP uses adult mosquito traps as part of comprehensive program
- With limited resources traps deployed in areas of greatest concern
- Traps generally deployed June-October when mosquitoes are most active
- Increased trap use in JSD area in 2008-2010 in response to nuisance complaints



## South End of Perkins Road Trap Data



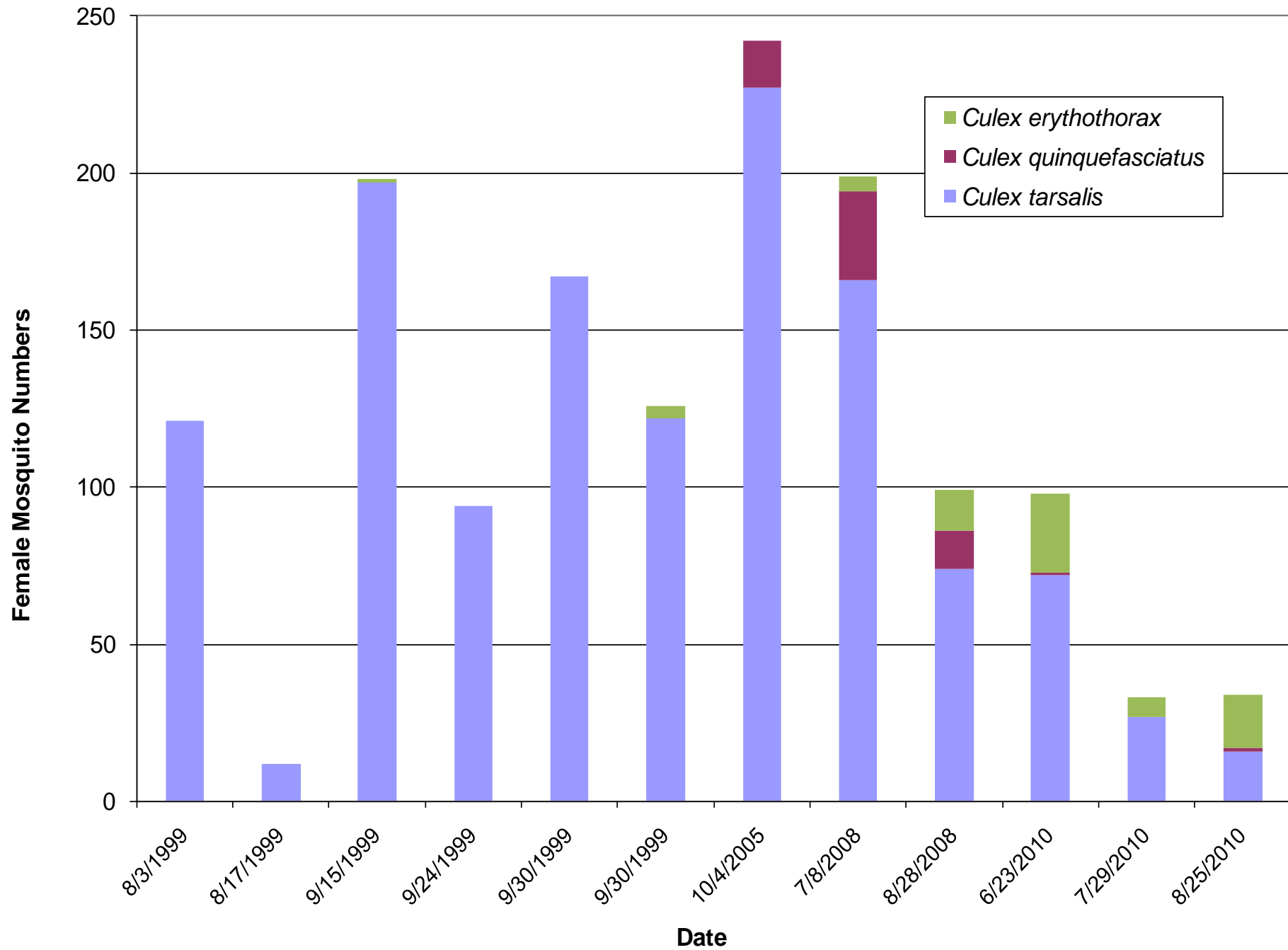
# Hueneme Drain at J Street Drain Trap Data







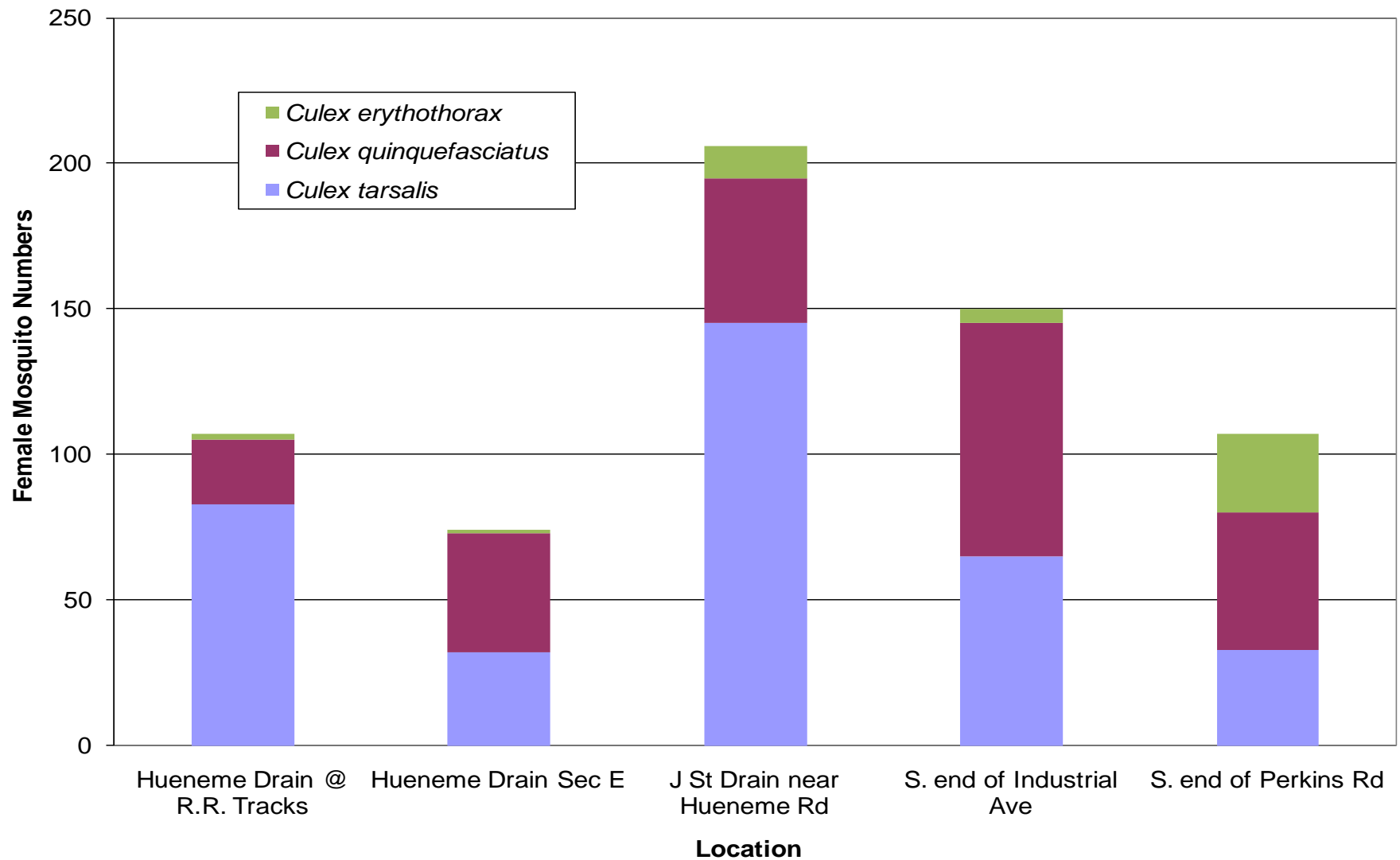
## West End of McWane Blvd Trap Data



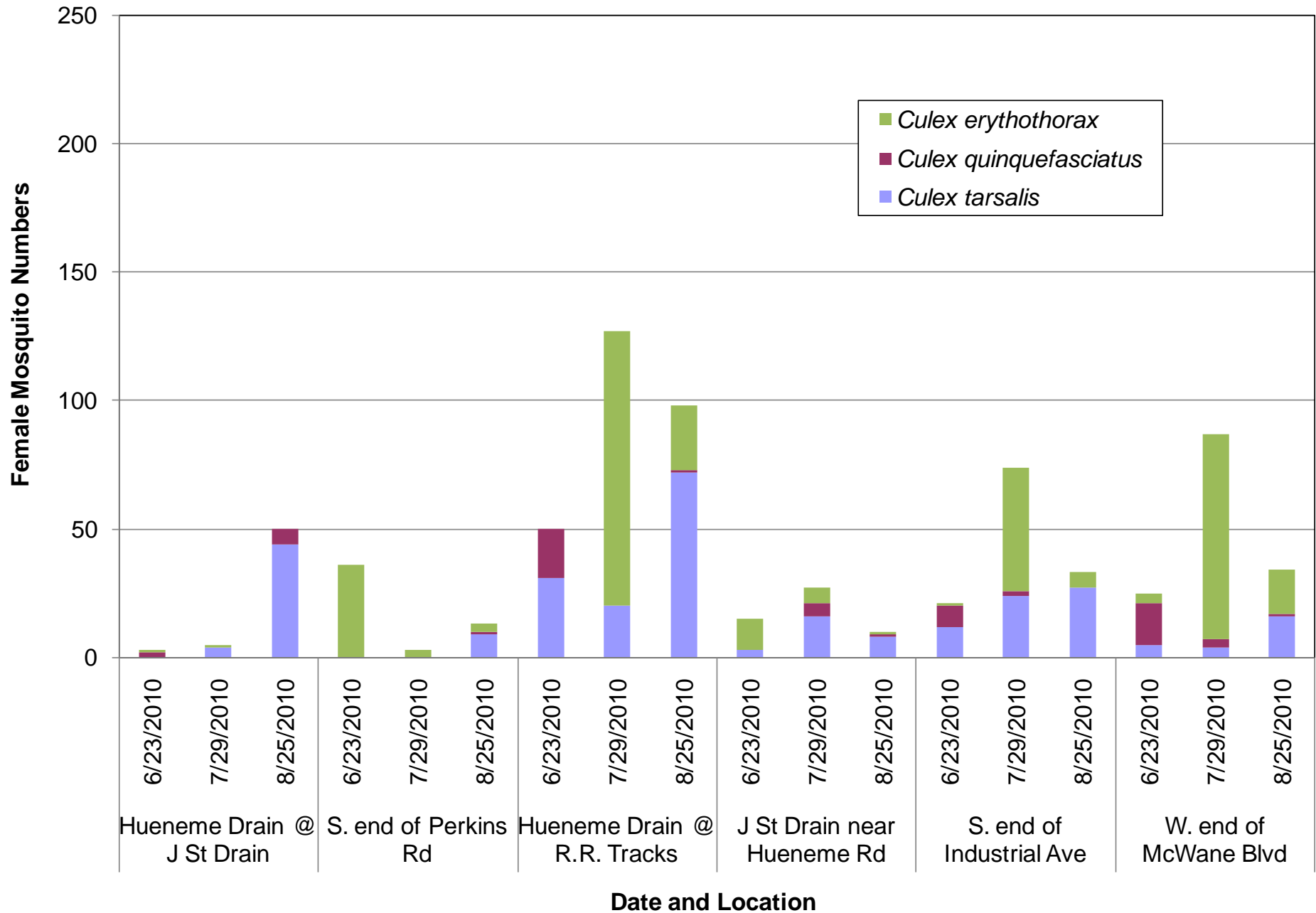




## J Street Drain Area September 17, 2009 Trap Data



## J Street Drain Area 2010 Trap Data



# Channel Design for Mosquito Control

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- Minimize shallow, sheltered, standing water with vegetative cover, belowground sources
- Additional effective design characteristics include:
  - Flowing water
  - Steep sides to inhibit emergent vegetation growth
  - Deep areas where natural predators can live
  - Open areas of water that allow for water surface disturbance from wind, waves, and fish
  - Proper access for mosquito treatment and vegetation management.

# Evaluation of Current J St Drain

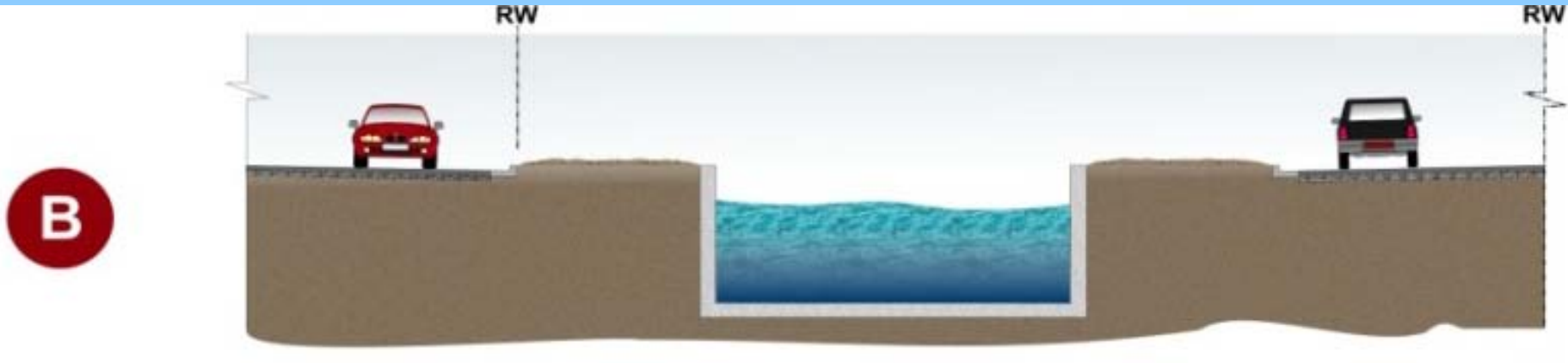
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- Concrete and steep sides inhibit vegetation
- Wide, open, windy surface with no refuge
- Depth supports numerous fish
- Open channel allows for safe and easy maintenance, monitoring, and treatment
- Does not currently provide suitable habitat to support large mosquito populations



# Proposed J Street Drain

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# Evaluation of Proposed J St Drain

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- Proposed changes to channel amplify channel's negative effects on mosquito breeding
- Vertical walls most desirable to prevent cover
- Deeper channel provides better habitat for fish
- Wider channel creates more wind/wave action
- Will not reduce ease or safety of access

# Evaluation of Proposed J St Drain

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- Breach condition not expected to increase breeding
- Remaining water provides same lack of habitat suitability
  - Vertical walls, lack of vegetation, deep water, wind/wave action
- Some fish would remain
- Mosquito production decreased in cooler wet season months
- Shallow margins would provide best potential habitat, but are easily accessible and treatable

# Alternative A

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# Evaluation of Additional Alternative

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- Proposal to pump standing water out of JSD
  - Would not provide 100-year storm capacity
  - Regulatory feasibility
- Pumping would be unable to eliminate all water
- Remaining wet areas excellent habitat
- Require additional maintenance, monitoring and treatment
- Negative impact





## Additional Sources

- Ormond Beach Lagoon
- OWWTP
- Hueneme Drain/  
Bubbling Springs
- Hueneme Drain Pump  
Station
- Other Open Space  
Sources
- Other Urban Sources

# Images of Urban Sources

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# Overall Evaluation & Conclusions

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- Ormond Beach Lagoon primary source of mosquitoes in immediate area
- The undeveloped floodplain of OID and urban areas may produce substantial mosquitoes
- New sources at OWWTP in 2009 were identified and addressed
- Evidence suggests current JSD, Hueneme Drain, and Hueneme Drain Pump Station provide poor mosquito habitat
- Proposed project would have no expected change to public health with regard to mosquito production

# Questions

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